D 52658	(Pages : 14)	Name
		Reg. No
FIRST	SEMESTER B.Com./B.B.A. DEGRE NOVEMBER 2018	EE EXAMINATION
	(CUCBCSS—UG)	
	Common Course	
ENG 1A 01	-TRANSACTIONS : ESSENTIAL ENGL	ISH LANGUAGE SKILLS
	(2017 Admissions)	
Time : Three Hours		Maximum: 80 Marks
	Part I (Speaking Skills)	
I. Read the follo	wing questions and choose the correct options	s for any six:
1 Which an	nong the following expresses polite disagreeme	ent?
(a) Ye	ou cannot force me to come.	
(b) I	will not come.	
(c) I1	refuse to come.	
(d) I	would rather not come.	
2 Which ar	nong the following expresses strong agreemen	it?
(a) l'i	n not sure its right.	
(b) Ye	es, but I'm afraid I disagree with you.	
(c) I:	see what you mean however I have my own re	eservations.
(d) Ye	ou can say that again.	•
3 You are a	teacher. How would you politely tell a parent	t that his son is doing badly in class?
(a) Ye	our son doesn't work hard at all so he will fail	the exam.
(b) Ye	ou must accept the fact that your son will fail	the exam.

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(d) If your son doesn't make an effort I'm afraid we will have to detain him.

(c) Make sure your son works hard.

4	Which	among the following is another	way	of saying "I haven't understood"?
	(a)	You can say that again.	(b)	I didn't catch you.
	(c)	I forgot.	(d)	It slipped my mind.
5		is the function of the sentence "ant strategies?"	Am I	correct in assuming that you would like to opt for
	(a)	Order.	(b)	Asking confirmation.
	(c)	Persuading.	(d)	Expressing disagreement.
6	Which	among the following expresses	an op	oinion ?
	(a)	I believe that it is quite unacce	ptabl	e for wild animals to be kept in Zoos.
	(b)	Do not keep wild animals in Zo	os.	
	(c)	Wild animals must not be kept	in Zo	os.
	( <b>d</b> )	Wild animals do not like being	kept	in Zoos.
7	Which	among the following is a polite	reque	est to the speaker to repeat?
	(a)	You must repeat it.		
	(b)	What ? I can't hear you.		•
	(c)	I am sorry but I couldn't follow	you.	Would you mind saying it once more?
	(d)	Please repeat what you said.		
				$(6 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3 \text{ marks})$

II. Match the sentences in Column A with their correct responses in Column B:

Column A

- 9 Will you come tomorrow?
- 10 Did you like the movie?
- 11 How can I help you?

8 Why are you late?

- 12 Have you made friends?
- 13 Do you like your new job?
- 14 Whom would you like to speak to?
- 15 Have you had lunch?

Column B

- (a) My laptop isn't working.
- (b) Its ok, but the hours are long.
- (c) Yes, I did.
- (d) No, everyone is busy.
- (e) The Manager, please.
- (f) I'm afraid I missed the bus.
- (g) I thought it was too melodramatic.
- (h) I might.

 $(8 \times \frac{1}{2} = 4 \text{ marks})$ 

- III. From the given situations, choose any two and make up a short dialogue (not less than 6 exchanges).
  The dialogue should contain a polite request/persuasion/ suggestion and a response.
  - 16 Speakers: Sapna and Rakhi:

Situation: Sapna wants to buy a phone. She tells her friend Rakhi about the type of phone she wants and asks for advice.

17 Speakers : Joy and Paul :

Situation: Joy was involved in an accident. He describes it to Paul who has come to visit him at the hospital.

18 Speakers: Asha and Amar:

Situation: Amar has been on a vacation and has missed a lot of classes. He asks Asha for help.

 $(2 \times 3 = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

IV.	Rearrange the following jumbled sentences to get correct expressions :—				
	19 an/live	es/in/plays/part/music/our/impor	tant.		
	20 till/con	me/you/wait/here/shall/I/back.			
					$(2 \times 1 = 2 \text{ marks})$
		Part II	l (Pro	onunciation)	
I.	Read the f	following questions and choose the	ne cor	rect options :	
	21 The fi	rst sound in the word <i>our</i> is a —		<b>–</b> .	
	(a)	Pure vowel.	(b)	Diphthong.	
	(c)	Glided.	( <b>d</b> )	None of the above.	
	22 The fi	nal sound in <i>poor</i> is a ———.			
	(a)	Vowel.	(b)	Consonant.	
	(c)	Monophthong.	( <b>d</b> )	Vowel glide.	
	23 The se	ound / æ / occurs in ———.			
	(a)	Arm.	(b)	Calm.	
	(e)	Action.	( <b>d</b> )	Half.	
	24 When	compress is used as a verb, the	stress	s falls on ——— syllable.	
	(a)	First.	(b)	Second.	
	(c)	Third.	(d)	Last.	
					$(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$
II.	Identify th	ne sounds of letters shown in bol	d and	write their transcription :	
	25 <b>ch</b> ees	e, <b>th</b> ese			
	26 di <b>ges</b>	t, home			
	27 cow,	push.			
					$(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{ marks})$

ectly :

- 28 Words ending in -ion are stressed on the ----- syllable.
- 29 English is said to be a ---- timed language
- 30 The silent sound in the word adjourn is ———.
- 31 The diphthong in the word oil is ———.
- 32 Sounds made by completely or partly stopping the flow of air being breathed out through the mouth are called ———.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part III (Grammar)

- I. Choose the correct sentences from those given:
  - 33 (a) The teacher was impressed with I and Jose.
    - (b) I visited my sick aunt two days back.
    - (c) We travelled to New York ten years before.
  - 34 (a) They have managed to make a good life themself.
    - (b) They have managed to make good life for themself.
    - (c) They have managed to make a good life for themselves.
  - 35 (a) My brothers' names are Luigi and Gian Franco. They are more young than me.
    - (b) My younger brother works for 3 years in a bank.
    - (c) Last year I worked for two days at a trade fair.

- 36 (a) I'm very sorry I can't come to your leaving party last night.
  - (b) I'm very sorry I will not come to your leaving party last night.
  - (c) I'm very sorry I couldn't come to your leaving party last night.

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \text{ marks})$ 

- II. Complete the following sentences correctly:
  - 37 I have been working on my computer for six hours. The tense in the given sentence is ———.
  - 38 I had finished before he came. The verb of the sentence is ———.
  - 39 It might rain. What does the modal auxiliary indicate?
  - 40 Write a sentence expressing obligation.

 $(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{ marks})$ 

- III. A supermarket announces a discount. The following announcements are being made. Make questions (Wh and Yes/No) for any four of the sentences?
  - 41 The Oyster Shop will be having a Christmas Sale. We will be offering up to 50 % discount on all merchandise starting from 1st of December 2018 to the 1st of January 2019.
  - 42 If you buy products worth Rupees five thousand you will receive a surprise gift.
  - 43 Lucky draw coupons will be given to all customers. You can win an Audi car !!!
  - 44 Thousand of gift vouchers await you. With every purchase you will be given a gift voucher.
  - 45 Oyster Shop offers free home delivery if you purchase goods worth more than twenty thousand rupees.

 $(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{ marks})$ 

- IV. Re-order any four of the following jumbled sentences.
  - 46 strength /sports/building/physical /necessary/are/for.
  - 47 till/you / wait /shall/ back /l/here/ come.
  - 48 to/ it/ the/ letter/when/ post /Jaya/went /had /she/ out/ written.
  - 49 train/do /hurry/miss /you/will/ you/not/if/the.
  - 50 the /is/weeping/doll/whose/lost/has/girl.

 $(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{ marks})$ 

V. Each of the sentences below consists of one grammatical mistake. Identify the mistake and rewrite them correctly:

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- 51 I am visiting the Niagra waterfalls last year.
- 52 I am loving this movie.
- 53 When I will arrive I will call you?
- 54 It is raining for two days.

 $(4 \times 1\frac{1}{2} = 6 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part IV (Reading)

## Mark Rothko

In 1936, Mark Rothko began writing a book, which he never completed, about the similarities in children's art and the work of modern painters. The work of modernists, which was influenced by primitive art, could, according to him, be compared to that of children in that "child art transforms itself into primitivism, which is only the child producing a mimicry of himself". In this same work, he said that "the fact that one usually begins with drawing is already academic. We start with colour".

It was not long before his 'multiforms' developed into the style he is remembered for. In 1949 Rothko exhibited these new works at the Betty Parsons Gallery. For critic Harold Rosenberg, the paintings were a revelation. Rothko had, after painting his first multiform, secluded himself

to his home in East Hampton on Long Island, only inviting a very few people, including Rosenberg,

to view the new paintings. The discovery of his definitive form came at a period of great grief; his

mother Kate died in October 1948 and it was at some point during that winter that Rothko chanced

upon the striking symmetrical rectangular blocks of two to three opposing or contrasting, yet

complementary colours. As part of this new uniformity of artistic vision, his paintings and drawings

no longer had individual titles; from this point on they were simply untitled, numbered or dated.

However, to assist in distinguishing one work from another, dealers would sometimes add the

primary colours to the name. Additionally, for the next few years, Rothko painted in oil only on

large vertical canvasses. This was done to overwhelm the viewer, or, in his words, to make the

viewer feel enveloped within the picture. https://www.keralaguru.com

On February 25, 1970, Oliver Steindecker, Rothko's assistant, found him in his kitchen, lying

on the floor in front of the sink, covered in blood. His arms had been cut open with a razor.

The emergency doctor arrived on the scene minutes later to pronounce him dead as the result

of suicide; it was discovered during the autopsy that he had also overdosed on anti-depressants.

He was just 66 years old.

I. Finding Facts: Read the following sentences and tick the correct answer:

55 Rothko published a book in 1936.

False/True/Not given.

56 Modernist paintings are childish and therefore immature.

False/True/ Not given.

57	From 1949 onwards Rothko' paintings were not named they were numbered.			
	False/	True/ Not given.		
58	Rothk	o wanted the viewer to feel enve	loped	by his paintings.
	False/	True/Not given.		
59	Rothk	o had been taking medicines for	depre	ession.
	False/	True/Not given.		
				$(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ marks})$
Rea	d the s	entences given below and choose	e the	best answer :
60	"In 19	49 Rothko exhibited these new v	vorks	at the Betty Parsons Gallery."
	"these	new works" refers to :		
	(a)	His books.	(b)	His paintings.
	(c)	His multiform paintings.	( <b>d</b> )	The colours he used.
61	"It wa	s at some point during that wint	er tha	at Rothko chanced upon the striking symmetrical
	rectar	ngular blocks of two to three o	pposi	ng or contrasting, yet complementary colours'
	"comp	lementary colours" refers to :		
	(a)	Pairs of colours.	(b)	Same colour.
	(c)	Shades of the same colour.	(d)	None of the above.
62	"Child	art transforms itself to primitive	ism" v	vrote Rothko. This sentence is :
	(a)	An opinion.	(b)	A fact.
	(c)	Persuasive sentence.	( <b>d</b> )	A suggestion.
				Turn over

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III.

63	"Addit	ionally, for the next few years,	Rothl	to painted in oil only on large vertical canvasses"	
	"Additionally" in this sentence means :				
	(a)	Furthermore.	(b)	More than expected.	
	(c)	Added to.	(d)	None of the above.	
				$(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{ marks})$	
		e text and guess the meanings on the ext and guess the meanings of the ext and guess the ext and guest the ext and guess the guest the ext and guess the ext and guess the guest the guest the ext and guess the guest	of the	words in bold from the context. Then choose the	
64	The w	ord 'primitive' in the first part o	f the	passage means	
	(a)	Simple.			
	(b)	New.			
	(c)	Bad.			
	( <b>d</b> )	None of the above.			
65	The w	ord 'symmetrical' in the passage	is op	posite in meaning to ———.	
	(a)	Regular.			
	(b)	Uniform.			
	(c)	Consistent.			
	( <b>d</b> )	Disproportionate.			
66	The w	ord 'overwhelm' is closest in me	aning	to ———.	
	( <b>a</b> )	Engulf.			
	(b)	Overact.			
	(c)	Oppress.			
	( <b>d</b> )	Overcome.			

IV.

67 "To assist in distinguishing one work from another". In this sentence distinguishing means :

	(a)	Differentiate.
	(b)	Prefer.
	(c)	Popularise.
	( <b>d</b> )	None of the above.
		$(4 \times 1 = 4 \text{ marks})$
Cir	cle the l	etter of the correct answer :
<b>6</b> 8	For cr	tic Harold Rosenberg, the paintings were a revelation. 'Revelation' means:
	(a)	To know an hitherto unknown fact.
	(b)	Transparent paintings.
	(c)	Reservations.
69	Multif	orm paintings are :
	(a)	use of symmetrical rectangular blocks.
	(b)	Use of complementary colours.
	(c)	Both (a) and (b).
70		o chanced upon the striking symmetrical rectangular blocks of two to three opposing or sting, yet complementary colours. "Chanced upon" means:
	(a)	Discovered.
	(b)	Invented.
	(c)	Opportunity.
		$(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{ marks})$

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- V. Answer the following questions in complete sentences. The answers need not be directly stated in the passage:
  - 71 What did Rothko say about modern art?
  - 72 What is the impression you form about Rothko's personality?

 $(2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ marks})$ 

## Part V (Vocabulary)

I. Match the words in Column A with the words in Column B:

	Column A		Column B
73	Whisper	(a)	Concerned.
74	Deeply	(b)	Risks.
75	Wait	(c)	Shower.
76	Take	( <b>d</b> )	Softly.
77	Quick	(e)	Patiently.

II. Choose the correct phrasal verbs from the bracket to fill in the blanks below. You have to use the appropriate forms of the phrasal verbs.

[cut up, came across, answer for, get by, get along, call on]

- 78 I'll ——— you this evening to see how you're feeling.
- 79 I was cleaning the old cupboards and I ---- my high school uniform.
- 80 Some people are surprised that I with my mother-in-law really well!
- 81 The Government should be made to ———— their failure to sort out the problem.
- 82 She was very ——— about coming second as she thought she deserved to win.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5 \text{ marks})$ 

III.	Ch	oose the	e correct meanings of the idiomatic expressions used in the following sentences :—
	83	Takin	g care of my younger sister is no bed of roses :
		(a)	Not an easy task.
		(b)	An easy task.
		(c)	I do not take care of her.
		(d)	None of the above.
	84	The b	oss examined my report with a fine tooth comb before submitting it to the senior
		mana	gement.
		(a)	Read carefully.
		(b)	Cursory reading.
		(c)	Did not read.
		(d)	Find fault unnecessarily.
	85	A good	d sales man must be able to think on his feet to close the deal.
		(a)	Not sit down while talking business.
		(b)	Adjust to the changing situations.
		(c)	Behave very politely.
		(d)	Prepare to leave.
			$(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{ marks})$

- IV. Choose one phrasal verb and one idiom each and make your own sentences:
  - 86 Dead wood / all bark and no bite.
  - 87 Bear up/catch out.

 $(2 \times 1 = 2 \text{ marks})$